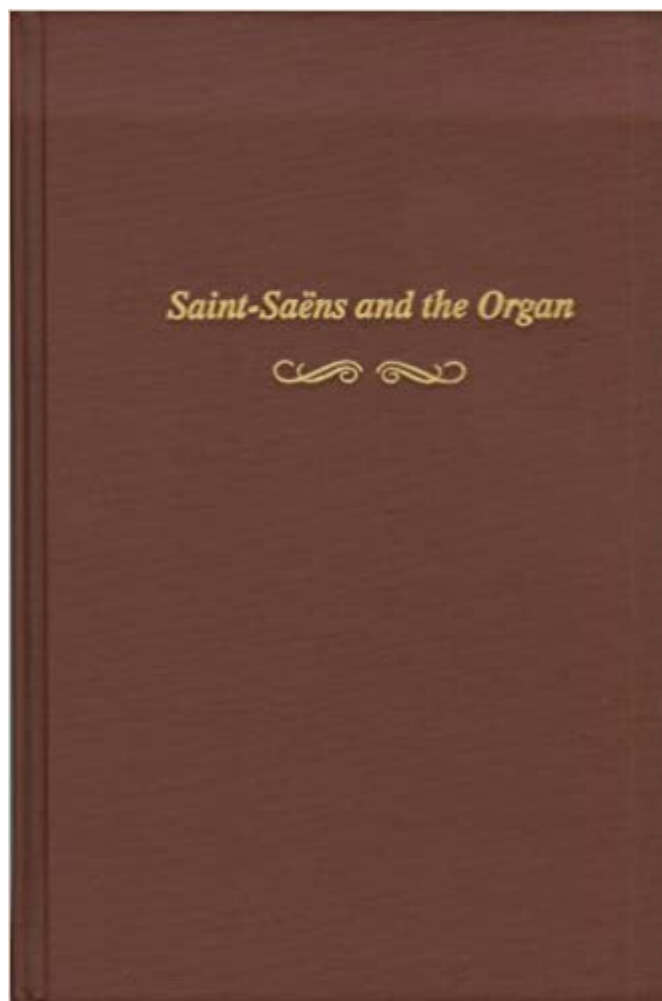


The book was found

Saint-Saens And The Organ (Complete Organ)



Synopsis

Hailed by Franz Liszt as the world's greatest organist, Camille Saint-Saëns was revered by his contemporaries for his ingenious improvisations, his mastery of the art of registration, his virtuosity, and his eclectic organ compositions. Saint-Saëns's technique and style developed out of what remained of the French classic tradition that survived into 19th century use, bridged the entire career of Aristide Cavallotti-Coll, and continued well into the 20th century. Rollin Smith, author of *The Organ Works of César Franck*, provides an insightful biographical view of Saint-Saëns as organist and composer, including detailed chapters on the construction and settings of instruments he played (the harmonium, the Aeolian organ, and the Cavallotti-Coll organs, among others). Within the eleven appendices are essays by and about Saint-Saëns; recordings of his performances; specifications of selected organs that he played; and a thematic catalogue of his works for harmonium and organ.

Book Information

Series: Complete Organ (Book 7)

Hardcover: 376 pages

Publisher: Pendragon Press (April 4, 1993)

Language: English

ISBN-10: 0945193149

ISBN-13: 978-0945193142

Product Dimensions: 1.2 x 6.5 x 9.5 inches

Shipping Weight: 1.1 pounds

Average Customer Review: 5.0 out of 5 stars 1 customer review

Best Sellers Rank: #4,063,948 in Books (See Top 100 in Books) #60 in Books > Humor &

Entertainment > Sheet Music & Scores > Composers > Saint-saens #11446 in Books > Arts &

Photography > Music > Instruments > Piano #322706 in Books > Biographies & Memoirs

Customer Reviews

...meticulously researched, well written, and carefully edited. ...a piece of first-rate scholarship that is at the same time accessible and absorbing. --John Ogasapian, *The Tracker*, vol. 37 no. 2. A truly impressive tome that should be on every organ music lovers bookshelves. Rollin Smith has set a gold standard for writing in this subject area. --David Baker in *The Organ*, No. 327. Highly recommended for libraries at all levels. --K. Thomerson, *Choice*, June 1993.

I had a wonderful experience reading this book. Rollin Smith offers it as a supplement to the standard biographies of Saint-Saëns. These books do not treat the composer's work as an organist or his compositions for the instrument deeply enough. I was enthralled by the book not only because of what it told me directly about the subject, but because of the way it opened up my understanding of what French sacred music making was like during the second half of the 19th Century and how organs were built, installed, and used during those decades. Smith also introduced me to a variety of other instruments. We learn the relationship between what was called the Harmonium and the Reed Organ, the Pleyel Pédalier, and an amazing thing called the Harmonicorde. Have you ever heard of it? I had not. It is essentially a combination reed organ combined with an upright piano that had only a single string per note. The player could play just the organ or the piano or both together. People said it sounded like a wind instrument accompanied by a harp. Fascinating. The book's seven chapters take us from his early training and how it was conducted, to his career at the Church of Saint-Merry, then to his work at the more prestigious church Madeleine from 1858-1877. He left that post to devote himself full time to concertizing and composing. We then get a discussion of his late compositions for organ, and his final years. The last chapter evaluates what we know about Saint-Saëns as an organist including a description of his technique and how his style compared to the other big name organists of his day. The role of improvisation in not only the standard Catholic church service of the time, but in the culture also interests me a great deal and this is a topic I want to investigate more deeply. I also enjoyed the story the composer tells about a priest of a very fashionable church who complained that his congregation were wealthy and attended the comic opera and they expected to hear such music. Saint-Saëns replied that when he heard the dialogue of the comic opera spoken from the pulpit he would provide suitable music, until then he would continue with his current style. Saint-Saëns was also very much against music that would distract from the service, but wanted a much wider range of music than Rome was comfortable with at the time. But he did not want virtuoso pieces, but music that would support meditation, mystery, and the spirit of the service. One of the strengths of Smith's writing is the way he allows us to see a great musician as a regular person in so many ways. He is peevish at times and generous at others. He has high musical standards and is willing to fight for them while still dealing with practical realities. I love his definition of a perfect organist as a virtuoso hardened to every difficulty as well as an ingenious improviser. I think that is right. There are five essays by the composer in one of the appendices that provide fascinating insights into his views on the controversies of his day surrounding music in Church, the way Latin was to be pronounced in France, and the lack of training of the priests in music or the arts. He also discusses

the history and development of the organ in a helpful and informative way. The other appendices include an essay by Louis Vierne on Saint-Saëns' sacred music, a list of the prize winners at the Nidermeyer school from 1859-1865, an examination of the organs played by the composer. The most important organs are given with full specifications in another appendix. The composer recorded about 15 sides of disks late in life and those are also listed, as are the advertising endorsements he gave for Harmoniums and Pianos. Even though some of this may seem trivial, its very everydayness (quotidian nature?) is so revealing because it is so distant from our time (and yet the commercial aspect is so familiar). If you are interested in this period in music history, especially French music history, and especially Saint-Saëns' role in it, I can't imagine you not wanting to read this book. And I hope you enjoy it as much as I did. Reviewed by Craig Matteson, Ann Arbor, MI

[Download to continue reading...](#)

Camille Saint-Saens 1835-1921: A Thematic Catalogue of his Complete Works, Volume II: The Dramatic Works (Camille Saint-Saens: A Thematic Catalogue of the Complete Wk) Saint-Saens and the Organ (Complete Organ) Saint-Saens and the Organ (The Complete Organ No.7) Organ Music for Manuals Only: 33 Works by Berlioz, Bizet, Franck, Saint-Saens and Others (Dover Music for Organ) Great Organ Transcriptions: 26 Works by Liszt, Saint-Saens, Bach and Others (Dover Music for Organ) A Saint-Saens Organ Album A Treasury of Organ Music for Manuals Only: 46 Works by Bach, Mozart, Franck, Saint-Saëns and Others (Dover Music for Organ) Saint-Saens, Camille - Introduction and Rondo Capriccioso, Op 28 - Violin and Piano Saint-Saens, Camille - Concerto No. 1 in a minor Op. 33. For Cello and Piano. by International SAINT-SAENS SONATA FOR CLARINET AND PIANO OP. 167 (Chester Woodwind Series of Graded Pieces) Saint-Saens Camille The Swan from Carnival of the Animals. For Cello and Piano. by International Camille Saint-Saens: On Music and Musicians Camille Saint-Saens and the French Solo Concerto: From 1850 to 1920 Saint Saens - Sonata for Clarinet in Bb and Piano Op. 167 in Eb-Major: Dowani 3 Tempi Play-Along Book/CD Pack Ethan Winer, Franz Schubert, and Saint-Saens: Music Minus One Cello Alfred Morceau de Concert for French Horn By Camille Saint-Saens Book EIGHTEEN ORIGINAL PIANO DUETS18 BIZET DVORAK FAURE GLIERE MUSSORGSKY SAINT-SAENS RACHMA Saint-Saens Concerto No2 For Piano/Orchestra In G Minor Op22 Book/2 CD Set Saint-Saens - Introduction & Rondo Capriccioso & Mozart - Serenade No. 5, K204 & Adagio K261: Music Minus One Violin (Music Minus One (Numbered)) Saint Saens Piano Concerto No 4 C Minor Op 44 Bk/CD

[Contact Us](#)

[DMCA](#)

[Privacy](#)

[FAQ & Help](#)